

LIFE EVENTS CHECKLIST SERIES: PLANNING FOR COLLEGE

Educating your family

Planning for a child's or grandchild's college education will rightfully focus on its considerable costs. However, involving your student in the planning/preparation process well before you drop them off can help them make the most both of their college years and your family's financial commitment to them.



THE EARLY YEARS

	C+-			:	
1 1	Sta	ırt	รล	vir	19

Tuition costs go up every year, at public and private colleges alike. If the current 6%¹ annual rate of increase holds, total tuition, room and board expenses for a child born today will top \$500,000. Early planning can help make college financing more efficient and angst free.

☐ Understand the savings vehicles

Decisions regarding how much money to set aside for future college expenses and which savings vehicle to choose vary from family to family. The age of your student may also be a factor. For example: If your student is already college age, you may want to make tuition payments directly to the school. (See chart.) Below are the principal choices. Your J.P. Morgan team can help you evaluate your options:

WAYS TO SAVE/PAY FOR COLLEGE

	DIRECT GIFTS	529	UNIFORM GIFTS/ TRANSFERS TO MINORS	TRUSTS
Description	Donor pays tuition payments directly to the school	Donor determines beneficiary and establishes account with post-tax dollars	UGMA/UTMA accounts are overseen by donor-appointed custodian	Grantor transfers assets to irrevocable trust, often using annual gift exclusion
Pros	 Donor has complete control over the use of funds Are not taxable gifts; leaving annual exclusion gifts (currently \$15,000) for other purposes 	 Assets grow income tax free and distributions for qualified expenses not subject to income tax \$10K per year may be used for Kindergarten through Grade 12 expenses 	 More flexible use of assets for recipient Broader investment options 	 More flexible use of assets for beneficiary Trustee has flexibility in determining trust's investments
Cons	 Exclusion from gift tax does not extend beyond tuition Donor has to be living to make payments (riskier for older donors) 	Limited investment choices If not utilized for qualified expenses, earnings subject to tax and 10% penalty	 Recipient gains control of assets at age of majority No income tax benefits; subject to parents' rate because of "kiddie tax" 	 Attorney must draft the trust agreement, and guidance of a tax advisor may be required Income and gains from trust assets are subject to income tax

¹ The cumulative change in tuition and fees from 1982/83 through 2019/20 academic years. Sources: College Board Annual Survey of Colleges; National Center for Education Statistics (NCES); Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS); U.S. Department of Education.

INVESTMENT PRODUCTS ARE: • NOT FDIC INSURED • NOT A DEPOSIT OR OTHER OBLIGATION OF, OR GUARANTEED BY, JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A. OR ANY OF ITS AFFILIATES • SUBJECT TO INVESTMENT RISKS, INCLUDING POSSIBLE LOSS OF THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT INVESTED

_			
	Introduce	budgeting	hacire
-	IIILI OUUCE	Duugetiiig	Dasics

Teaching your student budgeting basics can start in grade school and evolve into more sophisticated wealth management practices over time. For help diving into key topics, ask your J.P. Morgan team for a copy of our *Children and Wealth Workbook*.



THE TEENAGE YEARS

☐ Focus on smart financial habits

As your student gains more freedom and financial responsibility, continue building a foundation of smart financial habits that will bear fruit well into their adult years. With learning to drive and first jobs, many students are making decisions with meaningful financial impacts for the first time. In particular, helping them understand their expenses can encourage an appreciation for your/the family's financial commitment to them—and aid their understanding of what it will take to support themselves after they finish school.

☐ Articulate your expectations

Will you pay for everything? Do you expect your student to cover some costs? Must they maintain a certain grade-point average or level of community/family involvement? Do you expect them to be financially self-sufficient immediately upon graduation? Articulating your expectations—and discussing the true costs of a college education—well in advance of your student heading to school can help all parties get on the same page.

☐ Communicate your funding policy

If you're paying tuition (or covering major expenses) for several family members, developing a uniform funding policy may be helpful. Spelling out in advance what you will cover, for what period of time, and detailing other expectations/requirements can help everyone accept the process as fair, even if individual outcomes vary.

☐ Open checking and savings accounts

Taking responsibility for one's cashflow is a key milestone on the road to adulthood. Setting up checking and savings accounts for your student to manage while they are still living at home can help them learn to flex their financial muscles with your supervision.



SUMMER BEFORE COLLEGE

☐ Draw up a college contract

Consider drawing up a *college contract* that clearly states each involved party's responsibilities, expectations and goals for the years your student will be in school. This can help bring everyone to the same side of the table.

☐ Get basic legal documents signed

Paying your student's tuition does not necessarily mean you have the legal right to gather information on their behalf or make healthcare decisions for them. Before your student heads for school, discuss and have drawn up for them, depending on their age, basic legal documents, including a Power of Attorney, Healthcare Agent and HIPPA forms.

☐ Begin an investment dialogue

Time is one of the greatest assets a young person has: Introduce them to the power of compounding, and the multiple benefits of saving and investing early and often—for example, using their own wages and/or holiday and birthday gifts they receive from family and friends. Your J.P. Morgan team can help guide these conversations with age-appropriate suggestions.

☐ Start building credit

Learning to use credit wisely can set a young adult on the road to financial flexibility later in life. As a starting point, limit their credit card purchases to expenses that are predictable (e.g., gas, utilities, etc.) so they become accustomed to budgeting for and paying off the full balance every month.



WE CAN HELP

As you begin to make plans for the education of your family's next generation, know that your J.P. Morgan team is not only ready to help you prepare for funding that goal, but also to serve as a sounding board to move you closer to the future you want for your student, equipping them to make smart decisions in all aspects of their own financial life.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

J.P. Morgan and its affiliates and employees do not provide tax, legal or accounting advice. You should consult your own tax, legal and accounting advisors before engaging in any financial transactions. J.P. Morgan is committed to making our products and services accessible to meet the financial services needs of all our clients. If you are a person with a disability and need additional support, please contact your J.P. Morgan team or email us at accessibility.support@jpmorgan.com for assistance. This material is for informational purposes only, and may inform you of certain products and services offered by J.P. Morgan's wealth management businesses, part of JPMorgan Chase & Co. ("JPM").

Legal Entity, Brand & Regulatory Information

In the **United States**, bank deposit accounts and related services, such as checking, savings and bank lending, are offered by **JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.** Member FDIC.

JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and its affiliates (collectively "JPMCB") offer investment products, which may include bank-managed investment accounts and custody, as part of its trust and fiduciary services. Other investment products and services, such as brokerage and advisory accounts, are offered through J.P. Morgan Securities LLC ("JPMS"), a member of FINRA and SIPC. JPMCB and JPMS are affiliated companies under the common control of JPM. Products not available in all states.

References to "J.P. Morgan" are to JPM, its subsidiaries and affiliates worldwide. "J.P. Morgan Private Bank" is the brand name for the private banking business conducted by JPM.

This material is intended for your personal use and should not be circulated to or used by any other person, or duplicated for non-personal use, without our permission. If you have any questions or no longer wish to receive these communications, please contact your J.P. Morgan team.